

Sample solutions for Exercise 2

Course: Scientific Programming (Python) by Bálint Aradi, University of Bremen

Fibonacci numbers (#3)

```
In [1]: def fibonacci(nterms):
        """Generates a list with Fibonacci numbers.

        Args:
            nterms: Nr. of Fibonacci terms to generate.

        Returns:
            List containing the first nterms Fibonacci numbers.
        """
        if nterms < 1:
            fibo = []
        elif nterms == 1:
            fibo = [1,]
        else:
            fibo = [1, 1]
            for _ in range(2, nterms):
                fibo.append(fibo[-2] + fibo[-1])
        return fibo
```

```
In [2]: fibo15 = fibonacci(15)
```

```
In [3]: fibo15
```

```
Out[3]: [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233, 377, 610]
```

Aligned printing of ordered numbers

```
In [4]: def print_ordered_ints(values):
        """Prints enumerated integer values with alignment.

        Args:
            values: List containing the integers to print.
        """
        indwidth = len(f"{len(values)}")
        valwidth = len(f"{values[-1]}")
        for ival, val in enumerate(values):
            print(f"{ival + 1:{indwidth}d}: {val:{valwidth}d}")
```

```
In [5]: print_ordered_ints(fibo15)
```

```
1: 1
2: 1
3: 2
4: 3
5: 5
6: 8
7: 13
8: 21
9: 34
10: 55
11: 89
12: 144
13: 233
14: 377
15: 610
```

Path plotting

```
In [6]: import turtle
```

```
In [7]: def plot_path(tt, path):
        """Plots a path with turtle graphics.

        Args:
            tt: Turtle to use.
            path: Points marking the path. It must be a list of (x, y) tuples
                the start point, the intermediate points and the end point of
        """
        tt.up()
        tt.goto(path[0])
        tt.down()
        for point in path[1:]:
            tt.goto(*point)
```

```
In [8]: def plot_paths(tt, paths):
        """Plots a collection of paths turtle graphics.

        Args:
            tt: Turtle to use.
            paths: List of paths, where each path is a list of (x,y) tuples c
                the start point, the intermediate points and end points of th
        """
        for path in paths:
            plot_path(tt, path)
```

```
In [9]: tt = turtle.Turtle()
```

```
In [10]: tt.clear()
        paths = [((-50, -50), (50, -50), (50, 50), (-50, 50), (-50, -50)),
                ((-100, -100), (100, -100), (100, 100), (-100, 100), (-100, -100))
        plot_paths(tt, paths)
```

```
In [11]: def vasarely_star_paths(ngrids, incr):
          """Returns the paths for a Vasarely-star.

          Args:
            ngrids: Nr. of axis grid points in each quadrant.
            incr: Increment between grid points.

          Returns:
            List of paths, where each path is a list of (x, y) tuples.
            """
          size = incr * ngrids
          paths = []
          paths.append([(-size, 0), (size, 0)]) # x-axis
          paths.append([(0, -size), (0, size)]) # y-axis
          for ii in range(ngrids):
              xx = (ii + 1) * incr
              yy = size - xx
              paths.append([(xx, 0), (0, yy), (-xx, 0), (0, -yy), (xx, 0)])
          return paths
```

```
In [12]: tt.clear()
          paths = vasarely_star_paths(10, 20)
          plot_paths(tt, paths)
```

```
In [ ]:
```